



Safety Data Sheet

© 2023, 3M Company All rights reserved. Copying and/or downloading of this information for the purpose of properly utilizing 3M products is allowed provided that: (1) the information is copied in full with no changes unless prior written agreement is obtained from 3M, and (2) neither the copy nor the original is resold or otherwise distributed with the intention of earning a profit thereon.

Document group:	29-7824-5	Version number:	3.00
Issue Date:	03/04/2023	Supersedes date:	10/02/2019

This Safety Data Sheet has been prepared in accordance with the New Zealand, Hazardous Substances (Safety Data Sheets) Notice 2017.

SECTION 1: Identification

1.1. Product identifier

3M™ Silicone Free Tire Dressing, 38327, 38328

Product Identification Numbers

60-4550-6429-9

1.2. Recommended use and restrictions on use

Recommended use

Automotive. Tyre Dressing

1.3. Supplier's details

Address: 3M New Zealand Ltd, 94 Apollo Drive, Rosedale 0632, Auckland
Telephone: (09) 477 4040
E Mail: innovation@nz.mmm.com
Website: 3m.co.nz

1.4. Emergency telephone number

24 hr Medical Emergency, National Poisons Centre, 0800 764 766 (0800 POISON)

SECTION 2: Hazard identification

Not classified as hazardous in accordance with the relevant criteria of the HSNO Act 1996 and the Hazardous Substances (Hazard Classification) Notice 2020.

Refer to Section 14 of this Safety Data Sheet for product Dangerous Goods Classification.

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Not classified as hazardous.

2.2. Label elements

SIGNAL WORD

Not applicable.

Symbols:

Not applicable.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Ingredient	CAS Nbr	% by Weight
Water	7732-18-5	60 - 100
Glycerol	56-81-5	10 - 30
Polypropylene glycol	25322-69-4	7 - 13
2-(Propyloxy)ethanol	2807-30-9	1 - 5
Docusate sodium	577-11-7	< 2

SECTION 4: First aid measures**4.1. Description of first aid measures****Inhalation**

Remove person to fresh air. If you feel unwell, get medical attention.

Skin contact

Wash with soap and water. If signs/symptoms develop, get medical attention.

Eye contact

Immediately flush with large amounts of water. Remove contact lenses if easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical attention.

A product risk assessment is recommended to determine if eye wash facilities may be required when using this product in the workplace.

If swallowed

Rinse mouth. If you feel unwell, get medical attention.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

The most important symptoms and effects based on the CLP classification include:

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment required

Not applicable

SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures**5.1. Suitable extinguishing media**

In case of fire: Use a fire fighting agent suitable for ordinary combustible material such as water or foam to extinguish.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

None inherent in this product.

Hazardous Decomposition or By-Products**Substance**

Carbon monoxide.

Carbon dioxide.

Condition

During combustion.

During combustion.

5.3. Special protective actions for fire-fighters

Wear full protective clothing, including helmet, self-contained, positive pressure or pressure demand breathing apparatus, bunker coat and pants, bands around arms, waist and legs, face mask, and protective covering for exposed areas of the head.

5.4. Hazchem code: Not applicable.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures**

Evacuate area. Ventilate the area with fresh air. For large spill, or spills in confined spaces, provide mechanical ventilation to disperse or exhaust vapors, in accordance with good industrial hygiene practice. Warning! A motor could be an ignition source and could cause flammable gases or vapors in the spill area to burn or explode. Refer to other sections of this SDS for information regarding physical and health hazards, respiratory protection, ventilation, and personal protective equipment.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Avoid release to the environment.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Contain spill. Working from around the edges of the spill inward, cover with bentonite, vermiculite, or commercially available inorganic absorbent material. Mix in sufficient absorbent until it appears dry. Remember, adding an absorbent material does not remove a physical, health, or environmental hazard. Collect as much of the spilled material as possible. Place in a closed container approved for transportation by appropriate authorities. Clean up residue with water. Seal the container. Dispose of collected material as soon as possible in accordance with applicable local/regional/national/international regulations.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

Refer to Section 15 - Controls for more information

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Avoid eye contact. Keep out of reach of children. Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling. Avoid release to the environment. Avoid contact with oxidising agents (eg. chlorine, chromic acid etc.)

7.2. Conditions for safe storage including any incompatibilities

Store away from heat. Store away from acids. Store away from oxidising agents.

7.3. Certified handler

Not required

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**8.1 Control parameters****Occupational exposure limits**

If a component is disclosed in section 3 but does not appear in the table below, an occupational exposure limit is not available for the component.

Ingredient	CAS Nbr	Agency	Limit type	Additional comments
Polypropylene glycol	25322-69-4	AIHA	TWA(as aerosol):10 mg/m ³	
Glycerol	56-81-5	New Zealand WES	TWA(as mist)(8 hours):10 mg/m ³	

ACGIH : American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

AIHA : American Industrial Hygiene Association

CMRG : Chemical Manufacturer's Recommended Guidelines

New Zealand WES : New Zealand Workplace Exposure Standards.

TWA: Time-Weighted-Average

STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit

ppm: parts per million

mg/m³: milligrams per cubic metre

CEIL: Ceiling

8.2. Exposure controls

8.2.1. Engineering controls

Use general dilution ventilation and/or local exhaust ventilation to control airborne exposures to below relevant Exposure Limits and/or control dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray. If ventilation is not adequate, use respiratory protection equipment.

8.2.2. Personal protective equipment (PPE)**Eye/face protection**

Select and use eye/face protection to prevent contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. The following eye/face protection(s) are recommended:

Indirect vented goggles.

Refer AS/NZS 1336 - Recommended practices for occupational eye protection and for performance specifications AS/NZS 1337, Parts 1 - 6 - Personal eye-protection.

Skin/hand protection

Select and use gloves and/or protective clothing approved to relevant local standards to prevent skin contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. Selection should be based on use factors such as exposure levels, concentration of the substance or mixture, frequency and duration, physical challenges such as temperature extremes, and other use conditions. Consult with your glove and/or protective clothing manufacturer for selection of appropriate compatible gloves/protective clothing. Note: Nitrile gloves may be worn over polymer laminate gloves to improve dexterity.

Gloves made from the following material(s) are recommended: Polymer laminate

When only incidental contact is anticipated, alternative glove material(s) may be used. If contact with the glove does occur, remove immediately and replace with a set of new gloves. For incidental contact, gloves made of the following material(s) may be used: Nitrile rubber.

Respiratory protection

An exposure assessment may be needed to decide if a respirator is required. If a respirator is needed, use respirators as part of a full respiratory protection program. Based on the results of the exposure assessment, select from the following respirator type(s) to reduce inhalation exposure:

Half facepiece or full facepiece air-purifying respirator suitable for organic vapors and particulates

For questions about suitability for a specific application, consult with your respirator manufacturer.

Refer AS/NZS 1715 - Selection, use and maintenance of respiratory protective equipment and AS/NZS 1716 - Respiratory protective devices.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties**

Physical state	Liquid.
Colour	Bright Pink
Odour	Sweet Clean
Odour threshold	<i>No data available.</i>
pH	6.8 - 7.3
Melting point/Freezing point	<i>No data available.</i>
Boiling point/Initial boiling point/Boiling range	100 °C
Flash point	>=93.3 °C [Test Method:Pensky-Martens Closed Cup] [Details:D93-90]
Evaporation rate	<i>No data available.</i>
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not applicable.
Flammable Limits(LEL)	<i>No data available.</i>

Flammable Limits(UEL)	No data available.
Vapour pressure	No data available.
Vapor Density and/or Relative Vapor Density	No data available.
Density	1 g/cm ³
Relative density	1 [Ref Std: WATER=1]
Water solubility	Complete
Solubility- non-water	No data available.
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	No data available.
Autoignition temperature	No data available.
Decomposition temperature	No data available.
Viscosity/Kinematic Viscosity	No data available.
Volatile organic compounds (VOC)	34 g/l [Test Method:calculated SCAQMD rule 443.1]
Volatile organic compounds (VOC)	1.4 % weight [Test Method:calculated per CARB title 2]
Percent volatile	69.9 % weight
VOC less H ₂ O & exempt solvents	102 g/l [Test Method:calculated SCAQMD rule 443.1]

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

This material may be reactive with certain agents under certain conditions - see the remaining headings in this section

10.2 Chemical stability

Stable.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous polymerisation will not occur.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Heat.

10.5 Incompatible materials

Strong acids.

Strong oxidising agents.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Substance

None known.

Condition

Refer to Section 5.2 for hazardous decomposition products during combustion.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

The information below may not be consistent with the material classification in Section 2 if specific ingredient classifications are mandated by a competent authority. In addition, toxicological data on ingredients may not be reflected in the material classification and/or the signs and symptoms of exposure, because an ingredient may be present below the threshold for labelling, an ingredient may not be available for exposure, or the data may not be relevant to the material as a whole.

11.1 Information on Toxicological effects

Signs and Symptoms of Exposure

Based on test data and/or information on the components, this material may produce the following health effects:

Inhalation

Respiratory tract irritation: Signs/symptoms may include cough, sneezing, nasal discharge, headache, hoarseness, and nose and throat pain.

Skin contact

Mild Skin Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include localized redness, swelling, itching, and dryness.

Eye contact

Severe eye irritation: Signs/symptoms may include significant redness, swelling, pain, tearing, cloudy appearance of the cornea, and impaired vision.

Ingestion

Gastrointestinal irritation: Signs/symptoms may include abdominal pain, stomach upset, nausea, vomiting and diarrhoea.

Toxicological Data

If a component is disclosed in section 3 but does not appear in a table below, either no data are available for that endpoint or the data are not sufficient for classification.

Acute Toxicity

Name	Route	Species	Value
Overall product	Dermal		No data available; calculated ATE >5,000 mg/kg
Overall product	Inhalation-Vapor(4 hr)		No data available; calculated ATE >50 mg/l
Overall product	Ingestion		No data available; calculated ATE >5,000 mg/kg
Glycerol	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 estimated to be > 5,000 mg/kg
Glycerol	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg
Polypropylene glycol	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 10,000 mg/kg
Polypropylene glycol	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 1,000 mg/kg
Docusate sodium	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 10,000 mg/kg
Docusate sodium	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 2,100 mg/kg
2-(Propyloxy)ethanol	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 1,337 mg/kg
2-(Propyloxy)ethanol	Inhalation-Vapor (4 hours)	Rat	LC50 > 11.1 mg/l
2-(Propyloxy)ethanol	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 3,089 mg/kg

ATE = acute toxicity estimate

Skin Corrosion/Irritation

Name	Species	Value
Glycerol	Rabbit	No significant irritation
Polypropylene glycol	Not available	No significant irritation
Docusate sodium	Rabbit	Irritant

Serious Eye Damage/Irritation

Name	Species	Value
Glycerol	Rabbit	No significant irritation
Polypropylene glycol	Not available	Mild irritant
Docusate sodium	Rabbit	Corrosive

Sensitisation:**Skin Sensitisation**

Name	Species	Value
------	---------	-------

Glycerol	Guinea pig	Not classified
Polypropylene glycol	Human and animal	Not classified
Docusate sodium	Human	Not classified

Respiratory Sensitisation

For the component/components, either no data are currently available or the data are not sufficient for classification.

Germ Cell Mutagenicity

Name	Route	Value
Polypropylene glycol	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
Docusate sodium	In vivo	Not mutagenic
Docusate sodium	In Vitro	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification

Carcinogenicity

Name	Route	Species	Value
Glycerol	Ingestion	Mouse	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification

Reproductive Toxicity

Reproductive and/or Developmental Effects

Name	Route	Value	Species	Test result	Exposure Duration
Glycerol	Ingestion	Not classified for female reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 2,000 mg/kg/day	2 generation
Glycerol	Ingestion	Not classified for male reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 2,000 mg/kg/day	2 generation
Glycerol	Ingestion	Not classified for development	Rat	NOAEL 2,000 mg/kg/day	2 generation
Docusate sodium	Ingestion	Not classified for female reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 750 mg/kg/day	3 generation
Docusate sodium	Ingestion	Not classified for male reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 750 mg/kg/day	3 generation
Docusate sodium	Ingestion	Not classified for development	Rat	NOAEL 1,074 mg/kg/day	during organogenesis

Target Organ(s)

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - single exposure

Name	Route	Target Organ(s)	Value	Species	Test result	Exposure Duration
Docusate sodium	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	similar health hazards	NOAEL Not available	

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - repeated exposure

Name	Route	Target Organ(s)	Value	Species	Test result	Exposure Duration
Glycerol	Inhalation	respiratory system heart liver kidney and/or bladder	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 3.91 mg/l	14 days
Glycerol	Ingestion	endocrine system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL	2 years

		hematopoietic system liver kidney and/or bladder			10,000 mg/kg/day	
Docusate sodium	Ingestion	liver heart skin endocrine system gastrointestinal tract bone, teeth, nails, and/or hair hematopoietic system immune system muscles nervous system eyes kidney and/or bladder respiratory system vascular system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day	90 days

Aspiration Hazard

For the component/components, either no data are currently available or the data are not sufficient for classification.

Please contact the address or phone number listed on the first page of the SDS for additional toxicological information on this material and/or its components.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

The information below may not be consistent with the material classification in Section 2 if specific ingredient classifications are mandated by a competent authority. Additional information leading to material classification in Section 2 is available upon request. In addition, environmental fate and effects data on ingredients may not be reflected in this section because an ingredient is present below the threshold for labelling, an ingredient is not expected to be available for exposure, or the data is considered not relevant to the material as a whole.

12.1. Toxicity

No product test data available.

Material	CAS Number	Organism	Type	Exposure	Test endpoint	Test result
Glycerol	56-81-5	Bacteria	Experimental	16 hours	NOEC	10,000 mg/l
Glycerol	56-81-5	Rainbow trout	Experimental	96 hours	LC50	54,000 mg/l
Glycerol	56-81-5	Water flea	Experimental	48 hours	LC50	1,955 mg/l
Polypropylene glycol	25322-69-4	Green algae	Experimental	72 hours	ErC50	>100 mg/l
Polypropylene glycol	25322-69-4	Water flea	Experimental	48 hours	EC50	105.8 mg/l
Polypropylene glycol	25322-69-4	Zebra Fish	Experimental	96 hours	LC50	>100 mg/l
Polypropylene glycol	25322-69-4	Green algae	Experimental	72 hours	NOEC	100 mg/l
Polypropylene glycol	25322-69-4	Water flea	Experimental	21 days	NOEC	>=10 mg/l
Polypropylene glycol	25322-69-4	Activated sludge	Experimental	3 hours	EC50	>1,000 mg/l
2-(Propyloxy)ethanol	2807-30-9	Eastern oyster	Estimated	96 hours	LC50	89.4 mg/l
2-(Propyloxy)ethanol	2807-30-9	Activated sludge	Experimental	16 hours	IC50	>1,000 mg/l

2-(Propyloxy)ethanol	2807-30-9	Fathead minnow	Experimental	96 hours	LC50	>5,000 mg/l
2-(Propyloxy)ethanol	2807-30-9	Green algae	Experimental	72 hours	EC50	>100 mg/l
2-(Propyloxy)ethanol	2807-30-9	Water flea	Experimental	48 hours	EC50	>5,000 mg/l
2-(Propyloxy)ethanol	2807-30-9	Green algae	Experimental	72 hours	NOEC	100 mg/l
Docusate sodium	577-11-7	Green algae	Experimental	72 hours	EC50	190 mg/l
Docusate sodium	577-11-7	Rainbow trout	Experimental	96 hours	LC50	28 mg/l
Docusate sodium	577-11-7	Water flea	Experimental	48 hours	EC50	19 mg/l
Docusate sodium	577-11-7	Green algae	Experimental	72 hours	NOEC	28 mg/l
Docusate sodium	577-11-7	Water flea	Experimental	21 days	NOEC	7 mg/l

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Material	CAS Number	Test type	Duration	Study Type	Test result	Protocol
Glycerol	56-81-5	Experimental Biodegradation	14 days	BOD	63 %BOD/ThOD	OECD 301C - MITI test (I)
Polypropylene glycol	25322-69-4	Experimental Biodegradation	28 days	BOD	86.6 %BOD/ThOD	OECD 301F - Manometric respirometry
2-(Propyloxy)ethanol	2807-30-9	Experimental Biodegradation	20 days	BOD	100 %BOD/ThOD	
Docusate sodium	577-11-7	Experimental Biodegradation	28 days	BOD	66.7 %BOD/ThOD	OECD 301D - Closed bottle test

12.3 : Bioaccumulative potential

Material	CAS Number	Test type	Duration	Study Type	Test result	Protocol
Glycerol	56-81-5	Experimental Bioconcentration		Log Kow	-1.76	
Polypropylene glycol	25322-69-4	Experimental Bioconcentration		Log Kow	≤1.13	EC A.8 Partition Coefficient
2-(Propyloxy)ethanol	2807-30-9	Experimental Bioconcentration		Log Kow	0.673	
Docusate sodium	577-11-7	Experimental BCF - Fish	42 days	Bioaccumulation factor	<9.3	

12.4. Mobility in soil

Please contact manufacturer for more details

12.5 Other adverse effects

No information available.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Disposal methods

In accordance with the Hazardous Substances (Disposal) Notice 2017 and the relevant criteria of the HSNO Act 1996.

Dispose of waste product in a permitted industrial waste facility. As a disposal alternative, incinerate in a permitted waste incineration facility. Proper destruction may require the use of additional fuel during incineration processes. Empty and clean product containers may be disposed as non-hazardous waste. Consult your specific regulations and service providers to determine available options and requirements. Dispose of waste product in a permitted industrial waste facility. As a disposal alternative, incinerate in a permitted waste incineration facility. Proper destruction may require the use of additional fuel during incineration processes. Empty and clean product containers may be disposed as non-hazardous waste. Consult your specific regulations and service providers to determine available options and requirements.

Packaging (that may or may not contain any residual substance) may be lawfully disposed of by householders or other consumers through public or commercial waste collection services.

SECTION 14: Transport Information

New Zealand Land Transport Rule: Dangerous Goods - Road/Rail Transport

UN No.: Not applicable.

Proper Shipping Name: Not applicable.

Class/Division: Not applicable.

Sub Risk: Not applicable.

Packing Group: Not applicable.

Hazchem Code: Not applicable.

IERG: Not applicable.

International Air Transport Association (IATA) - Air Transport

UN No.: Not applicable.

Proper Shipping Name: Not applicable.

Class/Division: Not applicable.

Sub Risk: Not applicable.

Packing Group: Not applicable.

International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG) - Marine Transport

UN No.: Not applicable.

Proper Shipping Name: Not applicable.

Class/Division: Not applicable.

Sub Risk: Not applicable.

Packing Group: Not applicable.

Marine Pollutant: Not applicable.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

HSNO Approval number Not applicable

Group standard name Not applicable

HSNO Hazard classification Refer to Section 2: Hazard identification

NZ Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC) Status

All applicable chemical ingredients in this material are in compliance with NZIoC listing requirements.

Controls in accordance with The Health and Safety at Work Act 2015, Health and Safety at Work (Hazardous Substances) Regulations 2017 and the HSNO Act 1996, Hazardous Substances (Hazardous Property Controls) Notice 2017

Certified handler	Not required
Location Compliance Certificate	Not required
Hazardous atmosphere zone	Not required
Fire extinguishers	Not required
Emergency response plan	Not required
Secondary containment	Not required
Tracking	Not required
Warning signage	Not required

SECTION 16: Other information

Revision information:

Complete document review.

Document group:	29-7824-5	Version number:	3.00
Issue Date:	03/04/2023	Supersedes date:	10/02/2019

Key to abbreviations and acronyms

GHS refers to the Globally Harmonised System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals, 7th revised edition of 2017

HSNO means Hazardous Substances and New Organisms Act 1996

The information in this Safety Data Sheet (SDS) is believed to be correct as of the date of issue. TO THE EXTENT PERMITTED BY LAW, 3M MAKES NO WARRANTY, EXPRESSED OR IMPLIED, INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, ANY IMPLIED WARRANTY, OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE OR COURSE OF PERFORMANCE OR USAGE OF TRADE. User is responsible for determining whether the 3M product is fit for a particular purpose and suitable for user's method of use or application. Given the variety of factors that can affect the use and application of a 3M product, some of which are uniquely within the user's knowledge and control, it is essential that the user evaluates the 3M product to determine whether it is fit for a particular purpose and suitable for user's method of use or application. 3M provides information in electronic form as a service to customers. Due to the remote possibility of electronic transfer may have resulted in errors, omissions or alterations in this information; 3M makes no representations as to its completeness or accuracy. In addition, information obtained from a database may not be as current as the information in the SDS available directly from 3M.

3M New Zealand SDS are available at 3M New Zealand Website: <http://solutions.3mnz.co.nz>