



SAFETY DATA SHEET

Juice Scuffing Paste

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

1.1. Product identifier

Trade name: Juice Scuffing Paste

Product no.: JPSCUFF3

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture: Cleaning product. Restricted to professional users.

Uses advised against: For professional use only. This product is not recommended for any industrial, professional or consumer use other than the identified uses above.

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Original manufacturer/supplier: Sydney Automotive Paint, Unit A4, 366 Edgar St, Condell Park NSW 2200, Australia.

Telephone: 02 9772 9000 (Mon to Fri, 08:00 - 16:00 AEST)

Email: reception@sape.com.au

Contact person: Warren McMartin

New Zealand manufacturer/importer or responsible supplier: NZ Distributor Emergency Information Emergency telephone Resene Automotive & Light Industrial 4 Te Apunga Place Sylvia Park Auckland NZ 1641 Tel: +64 9 259 2738 www.resene.co.nz

SDS date: 4/4/2026

SDS Version: NZ Revision 1.0

Date of previous version: New document prepared for New Zealand compliance.

1.4. Emergency telephone number:

Emergency services (New Zealand): 111

National Poisons Centre (24 hours): 0800 764 766 (0800 POISON)

Chemical emergency support (supplier): Supplier emergency arrangements should be listed by the New Zealand importer/manufacturer where required. Users should also refer to the supplier contact details shown above.


SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

This material is considered hazardous in New Zealand under the Hazardous Substances and New Organisms Act 1996 (HSNO), the Hazardous Substances (Hazard Classification) Notice 2020, and associated workplace hazardous substances requirements.

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

- Skin Irrit. 2; H315, Causes skin irritation.
- Eye Irrit. 2; H319, Causes serious eye irritation.
- Aquatic Acute 3; H402, Harmful to aquatic life.

2.2. Label elements

Hazard pictogram(s):	
Signal word:	Warning
Hazard statement(s):	Causes skin irritation. (H315) Causes serious eye irritation. (H319) Harmful to aquatic life. (H402)
Hazardous substances:	Amides, coco, N,N-bis(hydroxyethyl) Sulfuric acid, mono-C12-14-alkyl esters, sodium salts 2,2'-iminodiethanol;diethanolamine Amines, C10-16-alkyldimethyl, N-oxides

Precautionary statement(s):

General: -

Prevention: Wash hands thoroughly after handling. (P264)
Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection. (P280)

Response: IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. (P305+P351+P338)
If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. (P337+P313)

Storage: -**Disposal:** Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local regulation. (P501)

Additional labelling: Not applicable.

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.1. Substances

Not applicable. This product is a mixture.

3.2. Mixtures

Product/substance:	Identifiers:	% w/w:	Classification:	Note:
Amides, coco, N,N-bis(hydroxyethyl)	CAS No.: 68603-42-9 EC No.: 271-657-0	5-10%	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318	[19]
Sulfuric acid, mono-C12-14-alkyl esters, sodium salts	CAS No.: 85586-07-8 EC No.: 287-809-4	3-5%	Acute Tox. 4, H302 (ATE: 1800.00 mg/kg) Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 (SCL: 20.00 %) Eye Irrit. 2, H319 (SCL: 10.00 %)	
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light; Kerosine -	CAS No.: 64742-47-8 EC No.: 265-149-8	3-5%	Flam. Liq. 4, H227 Asp. Tox. 1, H304	[19]

Product/substance:	Identifiers:	% w/w:	Classification:	Note:
unspecified;				
2,2'-iminodiethanol;diethanolamine	CAS No.: 111-42-2 EC No.: 203-868-0	1-3%	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318	
Amines, C10-16-alkyldimethyl, N-oxides	CAS No.: 70592-80-2 EC No.: 274-687-2	<0.25%	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318	[19]
reaction mass of 5-chloro-2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one (3:1)	CAS No.: 55965-84-9 EC No.: 611-341-5	<0.0015%	AUH071 Acute Tox. 3, H301 Acute Tox. 2, H310 Skin Corr. 1C, H314 (SCL: 0.60 %) Skin Irrit. 2, H315 (SCL: 0.06 %) Skin Sens. 1A, H317 (SCL: 0.0015 %) Eye Dam. 1, H318 (SCL: 0.60 %) Eye Irrit. 2, H319 (SCL: 0.06 %) Acute Tox. 2, H330	

See full text of H-phrases in section 16. Occupational exposure limits are listed in section 8, if these are available.

Other information

[19] UVCB = Unknown or variable composition, complex reaction products or of biological materials

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1. Description of first aid measures

General information: In the case of accident: Contact a doctor or emergency department – bring the label or this safety data sheet. Contact a doctor if in doubt about the injured person's condition or if the symptoms persist. Never give an unconscious person water or other drink.

Inhalation: Upon breathing difficulties or irritation of the respiratory tract: Bring the person into fresh air and stay with him/her.

Skin contact: IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water/water and soap. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Ensure to wash exposed skin thoroughly with water and soap. DO NOT use solvents or thinners. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

Eye contact: If in eyes: Flush eyes immediately with plenty of water or isotonic water (20-30 °C) for at least 5 minutes and continue until irritation stops. Remove contact lenses. Make sure to flush under upper and lower eyelids. If irritation continues, contact a doctor. Continue flushing during transport.

Ingestion: If the person is conscious, rinse the mouth with water and stay with the person. Never give the person anything to drink. In case of malaise, seek medical advice immediately and bring the safety data sheet or label from the product. Do not induce vomiting, unless recommended by the doctor. Have the person lean forward with head down to avoid inhalation of or choking on vomited material.

Burns: Not applicable.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Irritation effects: This product contains substances, which may cause irritation upon exposure to skin, eyes or lungs. Exposure may result in an increased absorption potential of other hazardous substances at the area of exposure.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

Information to medics

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Bring this safety data sheet or the label from this product.

SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

5.1. Extinguishing media: Not applicable.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Fire will result in dense smoke. Exposure to combustion products may harm your health. Closed containers, which are exposed to fire, should be cooled with water. Do not allow fire-extinguishing water to enter the sewage system and nearby surface waters.

If the product is exposed to high temperatures, e.g. in the event of fire, dangerous decomposition compounds are produced. These are: Nitrogen oxides (NO_x); Carbon oxides (CO / CO₂); Some metal oxides.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Wear self-contained breathing apparatus and protective clothing to prevent contact. Upon direct exposure or poisoning concern call the New Zealand National Poisons Centre on 0800 764 766 (available 24/7) in order to obtain further advice.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures: Avoid direct contact with spilled substances. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.

6.2. Environmental precautions: Avoid discharge to lakes, streams, sewers, etc. In the event of leakage to the surroundings, contact local environmental authorities.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up: Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Wherever possible cleaning should be performed with normal cleaning agents. Avoid use of solvents.

6.4. Reference to other sections: See section 13 "Disposal considerations" on handling of waste. See section 8 "Exposure controls/personal protection" for protective measures.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1. Precautions for safe handling: It is recommended to install waste collection trays in order to prevent emissions to the waste water system and surrounding environment. Avoid contact during pregnancy and while nursing. Smoking, drinking and consumption of food is not allowed in the work area. See section 8 "Exposure controls/personal protection" for information on personal protection.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities: Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Recommended storage material: Keep only in original packaging. Storage conditions: Dry, cool and well ventilated. Incompatible materials: Strong acids, strong bases, strong oxidizing agents, and strong reducing agents.

7.3. Specific end use(s): This product should only be used for applications quoted in section 1.2.

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1. Control parameters

Aluminium metal dust and insoluble compounds (as Al)

Long term exposure limit (8 hours) (mg/m³): 1 (respirable fraction)

2,2'-iminodiethanol; diethanolamine

Long term exposure limit (8 hours) (ppm): 3

Long term exposure limit (8 hours) (mg/m³): 13

Propane-1,2-diol, vapour and particulates

Long term exposure limit (8 hours) (ppm): 150

Long term exposure limit (8 hours): 474 mg/m³ (vapour and particulates); 10 mg/m³ (particulates only)

Workplace exposure standards for airborne contaminants: WorkSafe New Zealand Workplace Exposure Standards (WES) and Biological Exposure Indices (BEI), 15th edition / online substance entries.

8.2. Exposure controls

General recommendations: Smoking, drinking and consumption of food is not allowed in the work area.

Exposure scenarios: There are no exposure scenarios implemented for this product.



Exposure limits: Professional users are subjected to the legally set maximum concentrations for occupational exposure. See occupational hygiene limit values above.

Appropriate technical measures: The formation of vapours must be kept at a minimum and below current limit values (see above). Installation of a local exhaust system if normal air flow in the work room is not sufficient is recommended. Ensure eyewash and emergency showers are clearly marked. Apply standard precautions during use of the product. Avoid inhalation of vapours.

Hygiene measures: Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

Measures to avoid environmental exposure: Keep damming materials near the workplace. If possible, collect spillage during work.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Type/Recommendation	Class	Colour	Standards	Pictogram
Respiratory equipment No special when used as intended.	-	-	-	-
Skin protection Dedicated work clothing should be worn.	-	-	Appropriate footwear and additional protective clothing complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates skin contamination is possible.	
Hand protection Nitrile	0.2 mm	> 120 min	EN374-2, EN16523-1, EN388	

Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates skin contact is possible. The most suitable glove should be chosen in consultation with the glove supplier/manufacturer, who can provide information about the breakthrough time of the glove material. The breakthrough time for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. To protect hands from chemicals, wear gloves that are proven to be impervious to the chemical and resist degradation. Considering the data specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are retaining their protective properties and change them as soon as any deterioration is detected. Frequent changes are recommended. The choice of protective gloves depends upon the chemicals being handled, and the conditions of work and use. When used with mixtures, the protection time of gloves cannot be accurately estimated. Gloves made from the following material may provide suitable chemical protection: Nitrile rubber. Thickness: > 0.2 mm. The selected gloves should have a breakthrough time of at least 2 hours. Glove thickness is not necessarily a good measure of glove resistance as the permeation rate will depend on the exact glove composition. Repeated exposure to chemicals will degrade the ability of the glove to provide resistance to chemicals. Specific work environments and material handling practices may vary, therefore safety procedures should be developed for each intended application. Use thin cotton gloves inside natural rubber gloves if there is an allergy risk to natural rubber.

Eye protection:

Type	Standards	:
Safety glasses with side shields.	EN ISO 16321-1	

Eyewear complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates eye contact is possible. Personal protective equipment that provides appropriate eye and face protection should be worn. Wear tight-fitting, chemical splash goggles or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Property	Value
Form	Paste
Colour	Yellowish
Odour	No data available.
Odour threshold (ppm)	No data available.
pH	7
Density (g/cm ³)	1.02 (20 °C)
Kinematic viscosity	No data available.
Particle characteristics	No data available.
Melting point/Freezing point (°C)	No data available.
Softening point/range (°C)	No data available.
Boiling point (°C)	No data available.
Vapour pressure	No data available.
Relative vapour density	No data available.
Decomposition temperature (°C)	No data available.
Flash point (°C)	No data available.
Flammability	No data available.
Auto-ignition temperature (°C)	No data available.
Explosion limits (% v/v)	No data available.
Solubility in water	Soluble
n-octanol/water coefficient (LogKow)	No data available.
Solubility in fat (g/L)	No data available.

9.2. Other information

VOC (g/L): 52

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Other physical and chemical parameters: No data available.

Oxidizing properties: No data available.

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1. Reactivity: No data available.

10.2. Chemical stability: The product is stable under the conditions, noted in section 7 "Handling and storage".

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions: None known.

10.4. Conditions to avoid: None known.

10.5. Incompatible materials: Strong acids, strong bases, strong oxidizing agents, and strong reducing agents.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/substance: Amides, coco, N,N-bis(hydroxyethyl). Species: Rat; Route of exposure: Oral; Test: LD50; Result: >2000 mg/kg

Product/substance: Amides, coco, N,N-bis(hydroxyethyl). Species: Rabbit; Route of exposure: Dermal; Test: LD50; Result: >2000 mg/kg

Product/substance: Sulfuric acid, mono-C12-14-alkyl esters, sodium salts. Species: Rat; Route of exposure: Oral; Test: LD50; Result: 1,800 mg/kg

Product/substance: Sulfuric acid, mono-C12-14-alkyl esters, sodium salts. Species: Rat; Route of exposure: Dermal; Test: LD50; Result: 2001 mg/kg

Product/substance: Sulfuric acid, mono-C12-14-alkyl esters, sodium salts. Species: Rat; Route of exposure: Oral; Test: NOAEL; Result: 488 mg/kg

Product/substance: 2,2'-iminodiethanol;diethanolamine. Test method: OECD 401; Species: Rat, male/female; Route of exposure: Oral; Test: LD50; Result: 1600 mg/kg

Product/substance: 2,2'-iminodiethanol;diethanolamine. Species: Rabbit, male; Route of exposure: Dermal; Test: LD50; Result: 8200 mg/kg

Product/substance: 2,2'-iminodiethanol;diethanolamine. Species: Rat; Route of exposure: Inhalation; Test: LC0; Result: 3.35 mg/L

Product/substance: Amines, C10-16-alkyldimethyl, N-oxides. Test method: OECD 402; Species: Rat, male/female; Route of exposure: Dermal; Test: LD50; Result: 2000 mg/kg

Product/substance: Propane-1,2-diol. Species: Rat; Route of exposure: Oral; Test: LD50; Result: 22,000 mg/kg

Product/substance: Propane-1,2-diol. Species: Rabbit; Route of exposure: Dermal; Test: LD50; Result: 2001 mg/kg

Product/substance: Propane-1,2-diol. Species: Rat; Route of exposure: Inhalation; Test: LC50; Result: 317.042 mg/kg

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Skin corrosion/irritation

Product/substance: Amines, C10-16-alkyldimethyl, N-oxides. Test method: OECD 404. Species: Rabbit. Result: Adverse effect observed (Irritating). Causes skin irritation.

Serious eye damage/irritation

Product/substance: Amines, C10-16-alkyldimethyl, N-oxides. Test method: OECD 405. Species: Rabbit. Result: Adverse effect observed (Causes serious eye damage). Causes serious eye irritation.

Respiratory sensitisation

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Skin sensitisation

Product/substance: Amines, C10-16-alkyldimethyl, N-oxides. Test method: OECD 406. Species: Guinea pig. Result: No adverse effect observed (not sensitising). Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Product/substance: Amines, C10-16-alkyldimethyl, N-oxides. Test method: OECD 471. Species: *S. typhimurium*. Conclusion: No adverse effect observed. Product/substance: Amines, C10-16-alkyldimethyl, N-oxides. Test method: OECD 475. Species: Mouse, male/female. Conclusion: No adverse effect observed. Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Carcinogenicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Reproductive toxicity

Product/substance: Amines, C10-16-alkyldimethyl, N-oxides. Test method: OECD 422. Species: Rat. Result: 100 mg/kg bw/day. Conclusion: No adverse effect observed. Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

STOT-single exposure

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

STOT-repeated exposure

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Aspiration hazard

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Long term effects

Irritation effects: This product contains substances, which may cause irritation upon exposure to skin, eyes or lungs. Exposure may result in an increased absorption potential of other hazardous substances at the area of exposure.

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1. Toxicity

Product/substance: Sulfuric acid, mono-C12-14-alkyl esters, sodium salts. Species: Fish, *Oncorhynchus mykiss*. Duration: 96 hours. Test: LC50. Result: 3.6 mg/L.

Product/substance: Sulfuric acid, mono-C12-14-alkyl esters, sodium salts. Species: *Daphnia*, *Daphnia magna*. Duration: 48 hours. Test: EC50. Result: 4.7 mg/L.

Product/substance: Sulfuric acid, mono-C12-14-alkyl esters, sodium salts. Species: Algae, *Desmodesmus subspicatus*. Duration: 72 hours. Test: EC50. Result: 20.1 mg/L.

Product/substance: Sulfuric acid, mono-C12-14-alkyl esters, sodium salts. Species: Fish, *Pimephales promelas*. Test: NOEC. Result: 1357 mg/L.

Product/substance: Sulfuric acid, mono-C12-14-alkyl esters, sodium salts. Species: Algae, *Desmodesmus subspicatus*. Duration: 72 hours. Test: EC50. Result: 5.4 mg/L.

Product/substance: Sulfuric acid, mono-C12-14-alkyl esters, sodium salts. Species: Algae, *Desmodesmus subspicatus*. Duration: 72 hours. Test: EC10. Result: 5.4 mg/L.

Product/substance: Sulfuric acid, mono-C12-14-alkyl esters, sodium salts. Species: Crustacean, *Ceriodaphnia dubia*. Duration: 7 days. Test: NOEC. Result: 0.508 mg/L.

Product/substance: Propane-1,2-diol. Species: *Daphnia*. Duration: 48 hours. Test: EC50. Result: 43,500 mg/L.

Product/substance: Propane-1,2-diol. Test method: OECD 203. Species: Fish, Oncorhynchus mykiss. Duration: 96 hours. Test: LC50. Result: 40,613 mg/L.

Product/substance: Propane-1,2-diol. Test method: OECD 202. Species: Daphnia, Ceriodaphnia dubia. Duration: 48 hours. Test: LC50. Result: 18,340 mg/L.

Product/substance: Propane-1,2-diol. Test method: OECD 201. Species: Algae, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata. Duration: 96 hours. Result: 19000 mg/L.

Product/substance: Propane-1,2-diol. Species: Bacteria, Pseudomonas putida. Duration: 18 hours. Test: NOEC. Result: 20001 mg/L.

Product/substance: Propane-1,2-diol. Species: Daphnia, Ceriodaphnia dubia. Duration: 7 days. Test: NOEC. Result: 13020 mg/L.

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Product/substance: Sulfuric acid, mono-C12-14-alkyl esters, sodium salts. Result: 75.7 %. Conclusion: Readily biodegradable. Test: OECD 301 B. Product/substance: Sulfuric acid, mono-C12-14-alkyl esters, sodium salts. Duration: 28 days. Result: 90.1 %. Test: OECD 301 D. Product/substance: Propane-1,2-diol. Duration: 28 days. Result: 81.7 %. Test: OECD 301 F.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Product/substance: Propane-1,2-diol. BCF: 0.09. LogKow: -1.07.

12.4. Mobility in soil

No data available.

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture/product does not contain any substances known to fulfil the criteria for PBT and vPvB classification.

12.6. Other adverse effects

This product contains substances that are toxic to the environment. May result in adverse effects to aquatic organisms.

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste treatment methods

Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal plant.

Specific labelling

Contaminated packing

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

	14.1 UN / ID:	14.2 UN proper shipping name:	14.3 Hazard class(es):	14.4 PG*:	14.5 Env**:	Other information:
ADG	-	-	-	-	-	-
IMDG	-	-	-	-	-	-
IATA	-	-	-	-	-	-

* Packing group

** Environmental hazards

Additional information

Not dangerous goods according to ADR, IATA and IMDG.

14.6. Special precautions for user: Not applicable.

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code: No data available.

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Restrictions for application: Restricted to professional users.

Pregnant women and women breastfeeding must not be exposed to this product. The risk, and possible technical precautions or design of the workplace needed to eliminate exposure, must be considered.

Demands for specific education: No specific requirements.

Control of major hazard facilities: Not applicable.

Additional information: Not applicable.

New Zealand regulatory framework:

- Hazardous Substances and New Organisms Act 1996 (HSNO).
- **HSNO Approval: HSR002530 Group Standard: Cleaning Products Group Standard 2020**
- Health and Safety at Work Act 2015 (HSWA).
- Health and Safety at Work (Hazardous Substances) Regulations 2017.
- Hazardous Substances (Safety Data Sheets) Notice 2017.
- Hazardous Substances (Hazard Classification) Notice 2020.
- WorkSafe New Zealand workplace exposure standards guidance (WES/BEI).

New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC): Hazardous components should be verified by the New Zealand importer/manufacture against the NZIoC, where applicable, prior to first import or manufacture for supply under a relevant group standard.

Poisons scheduling: No New Zealand-specific poisons schedule statement assigned in this SDS revision.

Transitional provisions note: Any reliance on older alternative overseas SDS compliance provisions ended on 30 April 2025.

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

Full text of H-phrases as mentioned in section 3

AUH071, Corrosive to the respiratory tract.

H227, Combustible liquid.

H301, Toxic if swallowed.

H302, Harmful if swallowed.

H304, May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H310, Fatal in contact with skin.

H314, Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

H315, Causes skin irritation.

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H317, May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H318, Causes serious eye damage.

H319, Causes serious eye irritation.

H330, Fatal if inhaled.

The full text of identified uses as mentioned in section 1: None known.

Abbreviations and acronyms

ADG = The Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road & Rail

AIC = Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals

AICIS = Australian Industrial Chemicals Introduction Scheme

AS/NZS = Australian New Zealand Standard

ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

AUH = Hazard statements specific for Australia

BCF = Bioconcentration Factor

CAS = Chemical Abstracts Service

EINECS = European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances

GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

HSNO = Hazardous Substances and New Organisms Act 1996

HSWA = Health and Safety at Work Act 2015

IARC = International Agency for Research on Cancer

IATA = International Air Transport Association

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient

MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978.

NZIoC = New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals

OECD = Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development

PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic

PPE = Personal Protective Equipment

RCM = Regulatory Compliance Mark

SCL = A specific concentration limit

STEL = Short-term exposure limit

STOT-RE = Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Repeated Exposure

STOT-SE = Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Single Exposure

TWA = Time weighted average

UN = United Nations

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UVCB = Unknown or variable composition, complex reaction products or of biological materials

VOC = Volatile Organic Compound

vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

WES = Workplace Exposure Standard

Additional information

The classification of the mixture in regard of health hazards is based on the available mixture information and GHS-aligned classification criteria used for New Zealand hazardous substances compliance.

This New Zealand SDS revision is based on the source Australian SDS and has been reformatted and revised for New Zealand regulatory references and emergency information. Where New Zealand importer/manufacturer-specific information is not available from the source document, that information must be completed by the New Zealand responsible supplier before first onward supply in New Zealand.

A change in proportion to the last essential change is marked with a triangle in the source SDS.

The information in this safety data sheet applies only to this specific product (mentioned in section 1) and is not necessarily correct for use with other chemicals/products.

It is recommended to hand over this safety data sheet to the actual user of the product. Information in this safety data sheet cannot be used as a product specification.

Country-language: NZ-en