

### SAFETY DATA SHEET

Section 1. Identification			
Product identifier	: 1250011340		
Product name	: HARDENER FOR 2K SPRAY PUTTY		
Date of issue	: 28 August 2024		
Version	: 7.02		
Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against			
Identified uses	: Not available.		
Uses advised against	: Not for sale to or use by consumers.		
Supplier's details	<ul> <li>Axalta Coating Systems Australia Pty Limited</li> <li>16 Darling Street, Marsden Park NSW 2765, Australia</li> <li>Importer: Resene Automotive &amp; Light Industrial</li> <li>4 Te Apunga Place, Mt Wellington, Auckland, New Zealand</li> <li>Telephone: +64 (09) 259 2738</li> </ul>		
Product information	: +61 (0)2 8818 4300		
Emergency telephone number	: +(64) 9801 0034 NZ Poisons Information Center: 0800 764 766 or +(64) 3 479 7248		

### Section 2. Hazards identification

This material is classified as hazardous according to criteria in the Hazardous Substances (Hazard Classification) Notice 2020.

This material is classified as DANGEROUS GOODS according to criteria in New Zealand Standard 5433:2012 Transport of Dangerous Goods on Land.

HSNO Classification	: FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3		
	ORGANIC PEROXIDES - Type D		
	ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4		
	SKIN CORROSION - Category 1B		
	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1		
	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED EXPOSURE - Category 2		
	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 2		
GHS label elements			
Symbol			
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Signal word

: Danger

## Section 2. Hazards identification

Hazard statements	<ul> <li>Flammable liquid and vapour. Heating may cause a fire. Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. Harmful if inhaled. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.</li> </ul>
Precautionary statements	
Prevention	: Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Keep only in original packaging. Keep cool. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid release to the environment. Do not breathe vapour. Wash hands thoroughly after handling.
Response	: Collect spillage. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.
Storage	: Store locked up. Protect from sunlight. Store in a well-ventilated place. Store separately.
Disposal	: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Other hazards which do not result in classification	: None known.

### Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture : Mixture

Ingredient name	% (w/w)	CAS number
1-isopropyl-2,2-dimethyltrimethylene diisobutyrate	30 - <60	6846-50-0
Methyl Ethyl Ketone Peroxide, <= 45%	30 - <60	1338-23-4
4-hydroxy-4-methylpentan-2-one	10 - <30	123-42-2
butanone	3 - <5	78-93-3
hydrogen peroxide	3 - <5	7722-84-1

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

### Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necess	sary first aid measures
Inhalation	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Ingestion	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Skin contact	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash contaminated skin with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Eye contact	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician.

#### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects					
Inhalation :	Harmful if inhaled.				
Ingestion :	No known significant effects or critical hazards.				
Skin contact :	Causes severe burns.				
Eye contact :	Causes serious eye damage.				
Over-exposure signs/symptoms					
Inhalation :	No specific data.				
Ingestion :	Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains				
Skin :	Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness blistering may occur				

# Section 4. First aid measures

Eyes		: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness	
Indication of immediate me	<u>dical</u>	attention and special treatment needed, if necessary	
Specific treatments	:	Not available.	
Notes to physician		Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.	
Protection of first-aiders		No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.	
See toxicological informatic	n /6	(action 11)	

See toxicological information (Section 11)

### Section 5. Firefighting measures

Extinguishing media		
Suitable	:	Use dry chemical, CO <sub>2</sub> , water spray (fog) or foam.
Not suitable	:	Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	:	Flammable liquid and vapour. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. This material increases the risk of fire and may aid combustion. Heating may cause a fire. May re-ignite itself after fire is extinguished. Hazardous decomposition may occur. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	:	Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide
Hazchem code	:	2WE
Special precautions for fire- fighters	:	Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	:	Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

# Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures	: If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	: Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.

### Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

# Section 6. Accidental release measures

Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Avoid contamination with reactive substances. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Do not absorb in sawdust or other combustible material. It may lead to a fire risk when it dries out. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Avoid contamination with reactive substances. Do not absorb in sawdust or other combustible material. It may lead to a fire risk when it dries out. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spill product. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations.

# Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe : handling	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Keep away from clothing, incompatible materials and combustible materials. Temperature control may be required. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Conditions for safe storage, : including any incompatibilities	To avoid the risk of formation of shock-sensitive crystals or loss of stability, it is important to store the product within the recommended temperature range. Temperature control may be required. Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store at temperatures not exceeding 30°C/86°F. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidising materials. Separate from reducing agents and combustible materials. Keep away from rust, iron and copper. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Prevent product contamination. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

### Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

### Control parameters

### Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name		Exposure limits		
Methyl Ethyl Ketone Peroxide, <= 45%		HSWA 2015 - HSW (GRWM) 2016. Workplace exposure standards (WES) (New Zealand, 11/2023) WES-Ceiling: 0.2 ppm. WES-Ceiling: 1.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> .		
4-hydroxy-4-methylpentan-2-one		HSWA 2015 - HSW (GRWM) 2016. Workplace exposure standards (WES) (New Zealand, 11/2023) WES-TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. WES-TWA 8 hours: 238 mg/m <sup>3</sup> .		
butanone		HSWA 2015 - HSW (GRWM) 2016. Workplace exposure standards (WES) (New Zealand, 11/2023) WES-TWA 8 hours: 150 ppm. WES-TWA 8 hours: 445 mg/m <sup>3</sup> . WES-STEL 15 minutes: 890 mg/m <sup>3</sup> . WES-STEL 15 minutes: 300 ppm.		
hydrogen peroxide		HSWA 2015 - HSW (GRWM) 2016. Workplace exposure standards (WES) (New Zealand, 11/2023) WES-TWA 8 hours: 1 ppm. WES-TWA 8 hours: 1.4 mg/m <sup>3</sup> .		
Appropriate engineering controls	ventilation or other engine contaminants below any also need to keep gas, va	Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment. Use with adequate ventilation.		
Environmental exposure controls	: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.			
Individual protection measur	res			
Hygiene measures	eating, smoking and usin Appropriate techniques s Wash contaminated cloth	nd face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before g the lavatory and at the end of the working period. hould be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. hing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and to the workstation location.		
Respiratory protection	appropriate standard or c	Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.		
Hand protection	Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.			

# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Eye protection	: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles and/or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.
Skin protection	<ul> <li>Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.</li> </ul>

## **Section 9. Physical and chemical properties**

<u>Appearance</u>		
Physical state	:	Liquid.
Colour	:	Transparent.
Odour	:	Not available.
Odour threshold	:	Not available.
рН	:	Not applicable.
Melting point	:	Technically not possible to measure
Boiling point	:	Not applicable.
Flash point	:	Closed cup: 43°C (109.4°F)
Evaporation rate	:	Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	:	Not available.
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	:	Not available.
Vapour pressure		0.48 kPa (3.6 mm Hg)
Vapour density		Not available.
Density		1.004 g/cm <sup>3</sup>
Solubility(ies)		
Not available.	1	
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	:	Not applicable.
Auto-ignition temperature	:	404°C (759.2°F)
Decomposition temperature	:	Not applicable.
Viscosity	:	Dynamic (room temperature): Not available. Kinematic (room temperature): Not available. Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): Not available.
Flow time (ISO 2431)	:	Not available.

# Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	<ul> <li>Hazardous reactions or instability may occur under certain conditions of storage or use.</li> <li>Conditions may include the following: temperature increase high temperature</li> <li>Reactions may include the following: hazardous decomposition risk of causing fire</li> </ul>
Conditions to avoid	: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurise, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition. Avoid increased storage temperature. Drying on clothing or other combustible materials may cause fire.
Incompatible materials	: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidising materials combustible materials reducing materials copper iron rust
Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

## Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of	<u>exposure</u>
Inhalation	Harmful if inhaled.
Ingestion	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	Causes severe burns.
Eye contact	Causes serious eye damage.
Symptoms related to the phys	cal, chemical and toxicological characteristics
Inhalation	: No specific data.
Ingestion	<ul> <li>Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains</li> </ul>
Skin contact	Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness blistering may occur
Eye contact	Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness
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### <u>Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure</u> <u>Acute toxicity</u>

# Section 11. Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Methyl Ethyl Ketone Peroxide, <= 45%	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	1.5 g/m³	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	4000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1017 mg/kg	-
4-hydroxy-4-methylpentan-	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat - Male,	>99999 mg/l	4 hours
2-one		Female	_	
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	13500 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	2520 mg/kg	-
butanone	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	6480 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	2737 mg/kg	-

### Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
1-isopropyl- 2,2-dimethyltrimethylene diisobutyrate	Skin - Mild irritant	Guinea pig	-	5 gm	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Human	-	504 hours 1 % I	-
4-hydroxy-4-methylpentan- 2-one	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100 uL	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	20 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-
butanone	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 14 mg	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 mg	-
hydrogen peroxide	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	1 mg	-

### **Sensitisation**

Not available.

### Potential chronic health effects

General	: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Eye contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Carcinogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Teratogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Developmental effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Fertility effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Chronic toxicity	
Not available.	
<b>Carcinogenicity</b>	

### Section 11. Toxicological information

Not available.

#### **Mutagenicity**

Not available.

#### **Teratogenicity**

Not available.

#### Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

#### Specific target organ toxicity

Name		Route of exposure	Target organs
butanone	Category 2	-	-
hydrogen peroxide	Category 2	-	-

### Aspiration hazard

Not available.

#### Numerical measures of toxicity

#### Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value
	2664.95 mg/kg
Inhalation (dusts and mists)	4.68 mg/l

### Section 12. Ecological information

### Ecotoxicity

: This material is toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

#### Aquatic and terrestrial toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Methyl Ethyl Ketone Peroxide, <= 45%	LC50 44.2 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
4-hydroxy-4-methylpentan- 2-one	Acute LC50 420 ppm Fresh water	Fish - Lepomis macrochirus	96 hours
butanone	Acute EC50 >500000 µg/l Marine water	Algae - Skeletonema costatum	96 hours
	Acute EC50 5091000 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i> - Larvae	48 hours
	Acute LC50 3220000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
hydrogen peroxide	Acute EC50 1.2 mg/l Marine water	Algae - <i>Dunaliella tertiolecta</i> - Exponential growth phase	72 hours
	Acute EC50 2320 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i> - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 93 ppm Fresh water Chronic NOEC 100 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss Fish - Micropterus salmoides	96 hours 28 days

### Persistence/degradability

### Section 12. Ecological information

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
Methyl Ethyl Ketone Peroxide, <= 45%	-	-	Readily

#### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
1-isopropyl- 2,2-dimethyltrimethylene diisobutyrate	-	5340	High
Methyl Ethyl Ketone Peroxide, <= 45%	<0.3	-	Low
4-hydroxy-4-methylpentan- 2-one	-0.14 to 1.03	-	Low
butanone hydrogen peroxide	0.3 -1.36	-	Low Low

#### Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition	: Not available.
coefficient (Koc)	
- · · · ·	

### Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Section 13. Disposal considerations

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. **Disposal methods** Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

### Section 14. Transport information

	New Zealand Class (5433)	IMDG	IATA
UN number	UN3105	UN3105	UN3105
UN proper shipping name	(Methyl Ethyl Ketone Peroxide, <= 45%)	ORGANIC PEROXIDE TYPE D, LIQUID (Methyl Ethyl Ketone Peroxide, <= 45% )	Organic peroxide type D, liquid (Methyl Ethyl Ketone Peroxide, <= 45% )

Section 14. Transport information						
Transport hazard class(es)	5.2	• <	¥2	5.2		5.2
Packing group	-			-		-
Environmental hazards	Yes.			No.		No.
Additional informat	tion					1
New Zealand		:	The marine pollutar Hazchem code 2W Special provisions	/E	equired when trans	sported by road or rail.
IMDG		:	Emergency sched Special provisions			
ΙΑΤΑ		:	transportation regul	ations. <u>1</u> Passenger an : 10 L. Packagi Forbidden. Pac	d Cargo Aircraft: 5 ng instructions: 57 ckaging instructior	y appear if required by other 5 L. Packaging instructions: 570. 70. Limited Quantities - ns: Forbidden.
Hazchem code		:	2WE			
Special precautions	s for user	:	-	Ensure that pe	rsons transporting	rt in closed containers that are g the product know what to do in
Transport in bulk ac to IMO instruments		:	Not available.			

The actual shipping description for this product may vary based several factors including, but not limited to, the volume of material, size of the container, mode of transport and use of exemptions or exceptions found in the applicable regulations. The information provided in Section 14 is one possible shipping description for this product. Consult your shipping specialist or supplier for appropriate assignment information.

### Section 15. Regulatory information

HSNO Approval Number	: HSR002663
HSNO Group Standard	: Surface Coatings and Colourants (Flammable, Corrosive) Group Standard 2020
HSNO Classification	: FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 ORGANIC PEROXIDES - Type D ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4 SKIN CORROSION - Category 1B SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED EXPOSURE - Category 2 LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 2

### Section 16. Other information

<u>History</u>	
Date of issue	: 28 August 2024
Version	: 7.02
Prepared by	Product stewardship and regulatory compliance.
Key to abbreviations	: ACGIH = Association Advancing Occupational and Environmental Health ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals HSWA = Health and Safety at Work Act 2015 IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Internediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) TLV = Threshold Limit Value WES = Workplace Exposure Standards

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

#### Notice to reader

This product is intended for industrial use only.

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